## (DMSTT 01)

[Total No. of Pages : 02

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017

#### First Year

#### **STATISTICS**

#### **Probability and Distribution Theory**

Time : 3 Hours

Total No. of Questions : 10]

Maximum Marks: 70

### <u>Answer any Five questions.</u> <u>All questions carry equal Marks.</u>

- **Q1**) a) Define distribution function. State and prove its properties.
  - b) State and prove Kolmogorov's inequality.
- *Q2)* a) State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition for *n* random variables to be independent.
  - b) State and prove Borel-Cantelli lemma.
- **Q3)** a) Explain modes of convergence. In the usual notation, prove  $X_n \xrightarrow{P} X \Longrightarrow X_n \xrightarrow{L} X$ .
  - b) State and prove Kolmogorov's strong law of large numbers for independent random variables.
- **Q4)** a) State and prove Levy and Lindberg form of central limit theorem.
  - b) Determine whether strong law of large numbers holds for the sequence of random variables  $P(X_k = \pm 2^k) = \frac{1}{2^{2k+1}}$ ,  $P(X_k = 0) = 1 \frac{1}{2^{2k}}$ .
- **Q5)** a) Derive compound binomial distribution.
  - b) Define multinomial distribution. Show that the marginal p.m.f. of each  $X_i$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, k-1$  in a multinomial distribution is binomial.
- **Q6)** a) Derive compound Poisson distribution.

b) Let  $(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{k-1})$  have a multinomial distribution with parameters  $n, p_1, p_2, \dots, p_{k-1}$ . Write  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^{k} (X_i - np_i)^2 / np_i$ , where  $p_k = 1 - p_1 - p_2 - \dots - p_{k-1}$  and  $X_k = n - X_1 - \dots - X_{k-1}$ . Find E(Y) and V(Y).

- *Q8)* a) Define Laplace distribution. Obtain its m.g.f.b) Define logistic distribution. Obtain its characteristic function.
- *Q9*) a) Derive the distribution of t.
  - b) Derive the joint p.d.f. of  $(X_{(1)}, X_{(2)}, ..., X_{(n)})$ .
- **Q10**) a) Derive the distribution of non-central Chi-square.
  - b) Obtain the joint p.d.f. of  $X_{(j)}$  and  $X_{(k)}$ ,  $1 \le j \le k \le n$ .

### (DMSTT 02) Total No. of Questions : 10] [Total No. of Pages : 02 M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017 STATISTICS Statistical Inference

#### Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

### <u>Answer any Five questions.</u> <u>All questions carry equal Marks.</u>

- **Q1)** a) Explain sufficiency. Obtain the general form of the distributions admitting sufficient statistic.
  - b) State and prove Cramer-Rao inequality.
- **Q2)** a) State and prove Lehmann-Scheffe theorem.
  - b) Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from the distribution with p.d.f.  $f_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{\beta - \alpha}$  if  $\alpha < x < \beta$  where  $\theta = (\alpha, \beta)$  and  $0 < \alpha < \beta < \infty$ . Obtain the MVU estimators of  $\frac{(\alpha + \beta)}{2}$  and  $\beta - \alpha$ .
- **Q3)** a) Explain consistency and efficiency. State and prove sufficient conditions for consistency.
  - b) Find the ML estimator of  $\theta$  for random sample from  $f_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} \exp\left(-\frac{x}{\theta}\right), 0 \le x < \infty$ .
- Q4) a) Explain maximum likelihood method of estimation. State its properties.
  - b) Explain interval estimation. Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  be a random sample from  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  where  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are both unknown. Obtain the confidence interval for  $\mu$ .
- **Q5)** a) State and prove Neymann-Pearson lemma.
  - b) Find UMP tests for testing H<sub>0</sub>:  $\theta = \theta_0$  against one sided alternatives in N( $\theta, \sigma^2$ ) where  $\sigma^2$  unknown.

- **Q6)** Explain likelihood ratio test. Show that the likelihood ratio test is consistent under the conditions to be specified by you.
- Q7) a) Explain :
  - i) Sign test and
  - ii) Wilcoxon signed rank test.
  - b) Explain :
    - i) Two sample runs and
    - ii) Median tests.
- *Q8*) a) Explain Wilcoxon Mann Whitney U test.
  - b) Explain Kolmogorov Smirnor one sample and two sample tests.
- **Q9)** a) Explain Wald's SPRT. Obtain its OC and ASN functions.
  - b) Determine the SPR test for testing  $H_0$ :  $\theta = \theta_0$  against  $H_1$ :  $\theta = \theta_1(\theta_1 > \theta_0)$  where  $\theta$  is the parameter of a Poisson distribution. Obtain OC and ASN functions of the test.
- **Q10**(a) Show that SPRT terminates with probability one.
  - b) The random variable X has  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  where  $\sigma^2$  known. Develop an SPR test for testing  $H_0$ :  $\theta = \theta_0$  against  $H_1$ :  $= \theta_1$ . If  $\alpha = \beta$  (in the usual notation). Prove that the ASNs under  $H_0$  and  $H_1$  are equal.

# (DMSTT 03) Total No. of Questions : 10] [Total No. of Pages : 02 M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017 First Year STATISTICS Sampling Theory

#### Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

# <u>Answer any Five questions</u> <u>All questions carry equal Marks</u>

- **Q1)** a) Explain the concepts of
  - i) Sample
  - ii) Sampling frame and
  - iii) Complete enumeration survey.
  - b) Explain the organisation and functions of N.S.S.O.
- **Q2)** a) Distinguish between sampling and non-sampling errors. Describe the sources of non-sampling errors.
  - b) Explain the organisation and functions of C.S.O.
- **Q3)** a) Explain simple random sampling with and without replacements. In SRSWOR obtain the variance of the sample mean.
  - b) Explain stratified random sampling. Compare the efficiencies of the Neyman and proportional allocations with that of an unstratified random sample of the same size.
- *Q4*) a) Determine the sample size in sampling from
  - i) Attribute data and
  - ii) Variable data.
  - b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of stratified random sampling? Obtain the variance of sample mean in stratified random sampling.
- **Q5)** a) Explain systematic sampling. What are its merits and demerits? Determine the optimum cluster size for fixed cost.

- b) Obtain an unbiased estimator of population mean and its variance in cluster sampling with clusters of equal size.
- **Q6)** a) Explain
  - i) Systematic sampling and

ii) Circular systematic sampling.

Give their applications two each.

- b) Obtain the variance of sample mean in systematic sampling.
- Q7) a) Explain the procedures of selecting a p.p.s. sample and their advantages.
  - b) Obtain the variance of sample mean in two stage sampling with equal number of second stage units.
- **Q8)** a) Obtain the variance of sample total in p.p.s. sampling.
  - b) Explain two stage sampling. What are its advantages? Give any two of its applications.
- *Q9*) a) Discuss the relative efficiency of ratio and regression estimates.
  - b) Obtain the variance of the ratio estimate. Compare it with the estimate based on mean per unit.
- **Q10**(a) Compare the variances of regression estimates in stratified sampling and describe the conditions on the optimum Choices of the regression estimate.
  - b) Obtain the leading term in the bias of the ratio estimate. Derive the variance of an unbiased ratio estimator of the population total in stratified random sampling.

# (DMSTT 04)

[Total No. of Pages : 02

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017

### First Year

#### STATISTICS

#### **Design of Experiments**

#### Time : 3 Hours

Total No. of Questions : 10]

Maximum Marks: 70

# <u>Answer any Five questions.</u> <u>All questions carry equal Marks.</u>

- *Q1*) a) Define:
  - i) Rank of a matrix.
  - ii) Inverse of a matrix.
  - iii) Idempotent matrix and
  - iv) Trace of a matrix.

Give examples one each.

b) State and prove Cauley-Hamilton theorem.

(Q2) a) State Cochran's theorem for quadratic forms. Find the rank of the following matrix:  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 10 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 

b) Find the characteristic roots and vectors of A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 6 \\ 2 & -4 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ 

- **Q3)** a) Explain the
  - i) Linear model and
  - ii) Estimable functions.
  - b) State and prove Gauss-Markov theorem.
- **Q4)** a) Explain the
  - i) Generalised linear model and
  - ii) Best linear unbiased estimates.

- b) State and prove Aitken's theorem.
- Q5) a) Explain the analysis of covariance of two-way classification.
  - b) Explain the analysis of variance of one-way classification with unequal number of observations.
- *Q6*) a) Explain the analysis of covariance of one-way classification.
  - b) Explain the analysis of variance of two-way classification with unequal number of observations.
- Q7) a) Explain the missing plot technique when some observations are missing.
  - b) Explain RBD. Obtain the least squares estimates and expectations of means sums of squares.
- **Q8)** a) Explain CRD. Obtain the least squares estimates and expectations of means sums of squares.
  - b) Explain
    - i) Graeco Latin Square Design and
    - ii) Mutually orthogonal Latin squares design.
- *Q9*) a) Explain the analysis of  $2^3$  factorial experiment.
  - b) Explain the interblock analysis of BIBD.
- *Q10*) a) Explain the analysis of  $3^2$  factorial experiment.
  - b) Explain the intrablock analysis of BIBD.