## (D1231LL/CL/TCL/CSL) Total No. of Questions : 10] [Total No. of Pages : 01 LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY - 2017 First Year Common to all Branches RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

**Time : 3 Hours** 

Maximum Marks :70

## <u>Attempt any five Questions</u> <u>All Questions carry equal marks</u>

- *Q1)* What is Socio-legal research? Explain the doctrinal and non-doctrinal research?
- **Q2)** Write a critical note on identification of a research problem?
- Q3) What do you mean by Hypothesis? What is its significance?
- **Q4)** What are the different steps in processing of data?
- Q5) Explain the procedure for the preparation of survey reports.
- Q6) What is Sampling? Discuss the various kinds of Sampling Techniques?
- Q7) Explain the various steps involved in selecting the research problem?
- **Q8)** What is a Questionnaire? What is the difference between a Questionnaire and Schedule?
- **Q9)** Discuss the significance of use of statistics in the analysis and interpretation of data?
- **Q10)** What are the merits and demerits of case study method in Legal Research?



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## LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY - 2017

## **First Year**

## LABOUR LAWS

### **Dispute resolutions in Labour Management Relations**

Time : 3 Hours		Maximum Marks :70
	Answer any Five Ouestions	

## All questions carry equal marks

- Q1) Critically examine voluntary methods of dispute settlement mechanism.
- Q2) Define industry and state the judicial approach in interpreting it.
- *Q3)* Briefly discuss the machinery for settlement of industrial disputes other than the adjudicatory machinery.
- **Q4)** In the changing scenario of today, do you advocate for abrogation of the power of reference of industrial disputes conferred on Government?
- Q5) Critically examine the powers and functions of adjudicatory authorities.
- *Q6*) Critically examine the scope of judicial review of awards.
- Q7) What is meant by conditions of service? Can an employer make a change in the conditions of service without informing the workmen likely to be affected by such change? Explain with the help of case law.
- **Q8)** Discuss the scope of right to claim Lay-off. Compensation of workmen under chapter V B of Industrial Disputes Act,1947.
- **Q9)** Discuss the conditions required for payment of Lay-off and retrenchment compensation under V A chapter of Industrial Disputes Act,1947.
- **Q10)** Write short notes on any two of the following:
  - a) Industrial tribunal.

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- b) Enforceability of Awards.
- c) Works committee.
- d) Settlement.

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## LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017 First Year LABOUR LAWS Trade Union Law

Time : 3 Hours		Maximum Marks :70
	Answer any Five questions.	

#### Answer any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q1) Discuss the scope of Art. 19 (1) of Indian constitution with the help of case law.
- **Q2)** Critically examine the origin and growth of British Trade union movement.
- Q3) Critically examine the distinction between the status of a registered trade union and the recognized trade union.
- Q4) 'Is Recognition of trade union necessary for the effective functioning of trade unions in India'. Discuss
- **Q5)** 'A trade union is entitled to carry out legitimate activities peacefully'. Comment in the light of civil and criminal liability conferred under Trade Unions Act, 1926.
- (1) (26) 'Is outsider's participation in trade union is a bane to the effective functioning of trade unions in India'? Discuss in the light of second Commission on labour.
- Q7) "Trade unions in India were born in politics. They are living in politics and they will continue to live in politics" Discuss.
- **Q8)** Discuss the problems of unorganized labour and state whether there is statutory protection for unionization of unorganized labour.
- **Q9)** Discuss the distinction between the terms of reference of first and second National commission on labour.
- **Q10)**Write short notes on any two of the following:
  - a) Bonded labour.

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- b) Multi unionism.
- c) Corporate status & trade unions.
- d) Definition of Trade union.

## (D1237LL/CL/TCL/CSL)

## Total No. of Questions : 10] [Total No. of Pages : 01 LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017 First Year (Common to all Branches) JURISPRUDENCE

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

#### Answer any FIVE questions

#### All questions carry equal marks

- *Q1)* When does a custom became a Law? Explain in the light of Analytical and Historical views.
- **Q2)** Explain the concept of Natural Law in detail.
- **Q3)** What is the Significance of Marxist theory of Law? Discuss.
- Q4) Explain various rules of interpretation of Statutes with relevant illustrations.
- **Q5)** Write in detail the theories and elements of a Legal Right.
- *Q6*) What do you understand by concept of Liability? Give relevant classification with suitable examples.
- Q7) Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea Explain its significance in Criminal Liability.
- **Q8)** Write a note on Strict Liability with its exceptions if any.
- **Q9)** Is negligence an actionable tort? Comment.
- **Q10)**a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
  - b) Theory of remedial Liability.
  - c) Mislalae of Law and Fact.
  - d) Measure of Civil Liability.



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LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017

## First Year

LABOUR LAWS

Industrial Discipline and Punishment Process

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

## Answer any FIVE questions

## All questions carry equal marks

- **Q1)** Discuss the concept of industrial discipline and examine whether it promotes healthy industrial relations.
- **Q2)** Define 'misconduct' and discuss the remedial measures provided under the industrial jurisprudence.
- Q3) Explain the concept of 'suspension during pendency of enquiry proceeding'.
- **Q4)** Explain the essential features of Industricl Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 and state how it promotes industrial discipline.
- **Q5)** 'It is well settled that management cannot punish its employee for an act of misconduct without proving it and without giving him a reasonable opportunity to defend himself in a proper domestic enquiry.' Explain with the help of case law.
- **Q6)** 'The fundamental principle in the punishment process is that it should commensurate with the nature and gravity of the offence.' Comment.
- **Q7)** Critically examine the scope of doctrine of pleasure as provided under Act.310 of The Constitution.
- **Q8)** Discuss the jurisdiction and powers of administrative tribunals.
- **Q9)** Discuss the law relating to promotions and transfer.
- **Q10)** Write short notes on any two of the following:
  - a) Compulsory retirement
  - b) Labour court
  - c) Show cause notice
  - d) Distinction between discharge and dismissal.

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#### LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY – 2017

#### First Year

#### LABOUR LAWS

#### **Collective Bargaining**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

## Answer any five questions

### All questions carry equal marks.

**Q1**) Discuss the Collective Bargaining process of India in comparison with UK system.

- **Q2)** Discuss the methods of implementation of collective process in India.
- Q3) Define 'Strike' and critically examine the legality of different forms of strikes.
- **Q4)** Explain the concept of gherao and critically examine the statutory position of gherao.
- Q5) Discuss the essential conditions required for effective Collective Bargaining in India.
- *Q6*) Discuss the legal status of collective agreements in India.
- **Q7)** Critically examine the different theories of participation of workers in management.
- *Q8)* Trade union recognition is an important element for effective collective bargaining process. Discuss.
- **Q9)** Strike is a powerful weapon of collective bargaining process. Discuss.
- **Q10)** Write short notes on any Two of the following:
  - a) Worker director
  - b) Lock out
  - c) Conciliation settlement
  - d) Multi Unionism.